STUDENTS

Medication at School

Under normal circumstances, all student medications, both prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) medications, should be administered before and/or after school hours under supervision of the parent/guardian. When it is necessary for a student to receive prescription or OTC oral medication, topical medication, eye drops, ear drops, or nasal spray at school or at school-sponsored events, the parent/guardian must submit a written parental request and a written authorization form from a licensed healthcare practitioner (LHP), prescribing within the scope of their prescriptive authority. If the medication will be administered for more than 15 consecutive days, the LHP must also provide written, current and unexpired instructions for the administration of the medication.

Procedures

The superintendent will establish procedures for required and proper:

A. Designating staff members who may administer medication to students;

B. Training, delegation, and supervision of staff members in the administration medication to students by a registered nurse (RN), including oral medication, topical medication, eye drops, ear drops, and/or nasal spray;

C. Obtaining signed and dated parent/guardian and LHP requests and authorization for the administration of medications, including instructions from the LHP if the medication is to be given for more than 15 days;

D. Transporting medications to and from school;

E. Storing medication in a locked or limited access area;

F. Labeling medication;

G. Administering of medication, including identification of student and medication;

H. Documenting administration of medication, including errors, reactions, or side effects;

I. Disposing of medications;

J. Maintaining records pertaining to the administration of medication;

K. Maintaining student confidentiality;

L. Permitting, as appropriate possession and self-administration of medications necessary for student school attendance;

M. Permitting possession and self-administration of over-the-counter topical sunscreen products (see Sunscreen section below); and
N. Reviewing and evaluating of medication practices and documentation.


Except for limited situations, no school staff other than a RN or licensed practical nurse (LPN) may administer suppositories, rectal gels, or injections (except for emergency injections for students with anaphylaxis, as stated in School District Policy and Procedure 3419 – Self-Administration of Asthma and Anaphylaxis Medication and School District Policy and Procedure 3420 – Anaphylaxis Prevention and Response). In some situations, a parent designated adult (PDA) may administer certain injections.

Sunscreen
Over-the-counter topical sunscreen products may be possessed and used by students, parents/guardians, and school staff without a written prescription or note from a licensed health care provider if the following conditions are met:

A. The product is regulated by the US Food and Drug administration as an over-the-counter sunscreen product; and

B. If possessed by a student, the product is provided to the student by a parent/guardian.

Discontinuing Medication
If the district decides to discontinue administering a student’s medication, the superintendent or designee must provide notice to the student’s parent/guardian orally and in writing prior to the discontinuance. There must be a valid reason for the discontinuance that does not compromise the health of the student or violate legal protections for the disabled.

Required Notification of EMS
After every administration of any legend (prescribed) drug or controlled substance by nasal spray to a student, Emergency Medical Services (911) will be summoned as soon as practicable.

Medical Marijuana
Washington State law (RCW 69.51A.060) permits the use of medical marijuana, however, federal law (Title IV-Part A—Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities and the Controlled Substances Act (CSA) (21 U.S.C. § 811) prohibits the possession and use of marijuana on the premises of recipients of federal funds including educational institutions. School nurses may not administer medical marijuana. See 3423 – Parental Administration of Marijuana for Medical Purposes, regarding parental administration of medical marijuana on school grounds, school bus, and school-sponsored activities.

Cross References:  
Policy 3419  
Self-Administration of Asthma and Anaphylaxis Medications  
Policy 3420  
Anaphylaxis Prevention and Response  
Policy 3423  
Parental Administration of Marijuana
Policy 3416
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for Medical Purposes

Legal References:

RCW 28A.210.260  Public and Private Schools – Administration of Medication by - Conditions

RCW 28A.210.270  Public and Private Schools – Administration of Medication by – Immunity from Liability – Discontinuance, procedure

Management Resources:

Policy News, July 2019
Policy News, August 2018
Policy News, July 2017
Policy News, Feb 2014  Nasal spray added to the list of medications that may be administered by school personnel
Policy News, Aug 2012  “Medication” Definition Expanded
Policy News, Feb 2001  Oral Medication Definition Expanded

Date: 11/12/88; 10/27/97; 7/26/99; 9/10/01; 10/28/02; 5/23/05; 3/27/17; 6/21/18; 8/15/19.

PORT TOWNSEND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 50